

# **Patellar Tendon Realignment**

## Proximal and/or Distal

#### **Precautions:**

- For 6 weeks, NO closed-kinetic chain exercises
- Protocol is the same for proximal and distal, EXCEPT WB and other limitations as noted below
- Use distal protocol after a combined proximal and distal realignment

## Phase I (1 - 5 days post-op)

- Wound care: Observe for signs of infection
- Modalities: prn for pain and inflammation (ice, IFC)
- Brace:
  - Locked in full extension for all activities except therapeutic exercises and CPM use
  - Locked in full extension for sleeping
- Gait:
  - o Proximal realignment:
    - WBAT with 2 crutches
  - Distal realignment:
    - 50% WB with 2 crutches
- ROM:
  - Knee: 0 30 degrees
  - o Ankle AROM

#### Phase II (5 days – 4 weeks post-op)

- Wound care: Monitor site for signs of infection and initiate scar management techniques when incision is closed
- Modalities: prn for pain and inflammation (ice, IFC)
- Brace:
  - Weeks 0 4: Locked in full extension for all activities except therapeutic exercises and CPM use
  - Locked in full extension for sleeping
- Gait:
  - o Proximal realignment:
    - WBAT with 2 crutches
  - Distal realignment:
    - 50% WB with 2 crutches

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- ROM:
  - $\circ$  0 2 weeks: 0 30 degrees
  - $\circ$  2 4 weeks: 0 60 degrees
  - By week 6, full knee extension
  - Avoid open chain active extension
- Strengthening:
  - Quad sets for isometric adduction with biofeedback and e-stim for VMO (no e-stim for 6 weeks for proximal realignment).
    - By end of 6 weeks, goal of regaining active quad and VMO control
  - Heel slides
    - Proximal realignment: 0 60 degrees
    - Distal realignment: 0 90 degrees
  - CPM for 2 hours, 2x/day
    - Proximal realignment: 0 60 degrees
    - Distal realignment: 0 90 degrees
  - NWB gastroc, soleus, and hamstring stretches
  - 4-way SLR (lying down and standing) with brace locked in full extension
  - Resisted ankle ROM with theraband
  - Patellar mobilization (begin as tolerated)
  - At 3 4 weeks, Begin aquatic therapy, with emphasis on gait

#### Phase III (4 weeks – 10 weeks post-op)

- Wound care: Observe for signs of infection, continue scar mobs
- Modalities: Continue prn for pain and inflammation (ice, IFC)
- Brace:
  - 4 − 6 weeks: Unlocked for sleeping, locked in full extension for ambulation
  - 6 8 weeks: D/C for sleeping, unlock for ambulation as allowed by physician
  - 8 10 weeks: D/C
- Gait:
  - 4 6 weeks:
    - Proximal realignment: WBAT with 2 crutches
    - Distal realignment: 50% WB with 2 crutches
  - 6 8 weeks: WBAT with 2 crutches
  - 8 10 weeks: D/C crutches if no extension lag is present, patient is able to achieve full
    extension, and gait pattern is normalized with one crutch
- ROM:
  - 4 6 weeks: 0 90 degrees
  - 6 8 weeks: Increase flexion gradually to normal range for patient

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### • Strengthening:

- 4 6 weeks: continue as in phase II
- $\circ$  6 8 weeks:
  - May begin NMES for proximal realignment
  - Continue exercises progressing to full flexion with heel slides
  - Progress to WB gastroc and soleus stretching
  - D/C CPM if achieved 90 degrees of knee flexion
  - Continue aquatic therapy
  - Closed-chain balance exercises
  - Stationary bike- low resistance, high seat
  - Wall slides progressing to mini-squats, 0 45 degrees of flexion
  - Step-ups with good quad control and no pain (staring with 2-inch step)
- 8 10 weeks:
  - Should be able to demonstrate SLR without extension lag
  - Moderate resistance for stationary bike
  - 4-way resisted hip strengthening
  - Leg press 0 45 degrees
  - Swimming and/or stairmaster for endurance
  - Toe raises, hamstring curls, and proprioceptive exercises
  - Treadmill walking
  - Flexibility exercises continued

## Phase IV (10+ weeks post-op)

- Criteria:
  - Clearance from physician to begin more concentrated closed-kinetic chain exercises and resume full or partial activity level
  - At least 0 115 degrees AROM with no swelling and no complete voluntary contraction of quad
  - No evidence of patellar instability
  - No soft tissue complaints
- Strengthening:
  - Progression of closed-kinetic chain activities including partial squats (60 degrees), leg press, forward and lateral lunges, lateral step-ups, leg extensions (60 – 0 degrees), bicycle, and/or stepper
  - Functional progression, sport-specific activities
- Testing: Performance to <25% deficit compared to non-surgical side by D/C</li>

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## Adapted From:

- 1) Brotzman SB, Wilk KE. Clinical Orthopedic Rehabilitation. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. Philadelphia: Mosby; 2003.
- 2) Wilk KE, Reinold MM, Andrews, JR. Rehabilitation Following Lateral Retinacular Release and Medial Retinacular Thermal Shrinkage/Plication. Winchester, MA: Advanced Continuing Education Institute, 2004

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