

## Patellar Tendon Realignment

### Proximal and/or Distal

#### Precautions:

- For 6 weeks, NO closed-kinetic chain exercises
- Protocol is the same for proximal and distal, EXCEPT WB and other limitations as noted below
- Use distal protocol after a combined proximal and distal realignment

#### Phase I (1 – 5 days post-op)

- Wound care: Observe for signs of infection
- Modalities: prn for pain and inflammation (ice, IFC)
- Brace:
  - Locked in full extension for all activities except therapeutic exercises and CPM use
  - Locked in full extension for sleeping
  - May unlock brace when sitting
- Gait:
  - Proximal realignment
    - WBAT with 2 crutches
  - Distal realignment
    - 50% WB with 2 crutches
- ROM:
  - Knee: 0-45 degrees
  - Ankle AROM

#### Phase II (5 days – 4 weeks post-op)

- Wound care: Monitor for signs of infection and initiate scar management techniques when incision is closed
- Modalities: prn for pain and inflammation (ice, IFC)
- Brace:
  - Weeks 0-4: Locked in full extension for all activities except therapeutic exercises and CPM use
  - Locked in full extension for sleeping

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- Gait:
  - Proximal realignment
    - WBAT with 2 crutches
  - Distal realignment
    - 50% WB with 2 crutches
- ROM:
  - Proximal realignment
    - Week 1-3: 0-75 degrees
    - Week 4: 0-90 degrees
  - Distal realignment
    - Day 5: 0-60 degrees
    - Week 1-3: 0-75 degrees
    - Week 4: 0-90 degrees
- Strengthening:
  - Quad sets for isometric adduction with biofeedback and e-stim for VMO
    - No e-stim for 6 weeks for proximal realignment
    - By end of 6 weeks, goal of regaining active quad and VMO control
  - Heel slides, per ROM guidelines above
  - CPM for 2 hours, 2x/day, per ROM guidelines above
  - NWB gastroc, soleus, and hamstring stretches
  - 4 way SLR (lying down and standing) with brace locked in full extension
  - Resisted ankle ROM with theraband
  - Patellar mobilization, as tolerated
  - At 3-4 weeks, begin aquatic therapy, with emphasis on gait

### **Phase III (4 weeks – 10 weeks)**

- Wound care: Observe for signs of infection, continue scar mobs
- Modalities: Continue prn for pain and inflammation (ice, IFC)
- Gait:
  - 4-6 weeks:
    - Proximal realignment
      - WBAT with 2 crutches
    - Distal realignment
      - 50% WB with 2 crutches
  - 6-8 weeks: WBAT with crutches
  - 8-10 weeks: D/C crutches if no extension lag is present, patient is able to achieve full extension, and gait pattern is normalized with 1 crutch

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- ROM:
  - Week 5: 0-115 degrees
  - Week 6: 0-125 degrees
  - Week 8: 0-125/135 degrees
- Strengthening:
  - 4-6 weeks: Continue as in phase II
  - 6-8 weeks:
    - May begin NMES for proximal realignment
    - Continue exercises progressing to full flexion with heel slides
    - Progress to WB gastroc and soleus stretching
    - D/C CPM if achieved 90 degrees of flexion
    - Continue aquatic therapy
    - Closed-chain balance exercises
    - Stationary bike - low resistance, high seat
    - Wall slides progressing with mini squats: 0-45 degrees of flexion
    - Step-ups with good quad control and no pain (starting with 2" step)
  - 8-10 weeks:
    - Should be able to demonstrate SLR without extensor lag
    - Moderate resistance for stationary bike
    - 4-way resisted hip strengthening
    - Leg press 0-45 degrees
    - Swimming and/or stairmaster for endurance
    - Toe raises, hamstring curls, and proprioceptive exercises
    - Treadmill walking
    - Flexibility exercises continued

#### **Phase IV (10+ weeks post-op)**

- Criteria:
  - Clearance from physician to begin more concentrated closed-kinetic chain exercises and resume full or partial activity level
  - At least 0-115 degrees AROM with no swelling and must have complete voluntary contraction of quad
  - No evidence of patellar instability
  - No soft tissue complaints
- Strengthening:

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- Progression of closed-kinetic chain activities including partial squats (60 degrees), leg press, forward and lateral lunges, lateral step-ups, leg extensions (60-0 degrees), bicycle, and/or stepper
- Functional progression, sport-specific activities
- Testing:
  - Performance to < 25% deficit compared to non-surgical side by D/C

**Adapted From:**

- 1) Brotzman SB, Wilk KE. Clinical Orthopedic Rehabilitation. 2nd Ed. Philadelphia: Mosby; 2003.
- 2) Wilk KE, Advanced Continuing Education Institute, 2004 and 2019.

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